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KNOT THEORETIC CLOSURE FOR A DEFINITE METRIC IN A FINITE TIME

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ABSTRACT

Any topological space endowed with a metric (H, g) for a Euler-Poincare' polyhedral equation RHS of $\mathcal{X} \equiv 2 - 2g = 0$ for the throat ∂ can twist in and out from the genus by making a knot for a time evolution $\{T \nearrow\} \ll \infty$ for a transition from ΛN to NM. **KEYWORDS:** Genus – Twist – Closure – Knot

METHODOLOGY

Considering a topological space H with a metric signature (H, g) in the geometries^[1],

 $\Omega > 1$ applicable $\Omega < 1$ applicable $\Omega = 1$ not – applicable

For a generator of the evolution Δ there exists, over a genus parameterization $\mu > 0$ satisfying Euler Polyhedral equation RHS of $\mathcal{X} = 0$ in a finite evolution of time $\{T \nearrow\}$; the generator Δ takes a finite period for the operation of twisting to complete^[2],

Such that for any twist, there exists two operations; the 'in' operation $\overline{\nearrow}$ where the manifold bends by entering into the genus $\overline{\nearrow}$ and the 'out' operation $\overline{\nearrow}$; such that $\overline{\nearrow}, \overline{\nearrow}$ exists as a subset of \nearrow as $\overline{\nearrow}, \overline{\nearrow} \subset \nearrow$ for the evolution period $\{T \nearrow\}$ over a metric representation (H, g) in such a way that there exists a generation of a 'throat' or a 'space arising out of deforming the metric (H, g)' for a structure formulation of that generating throat having an affine value $\partial^{m,n}$ where the representation takes place as^[3],

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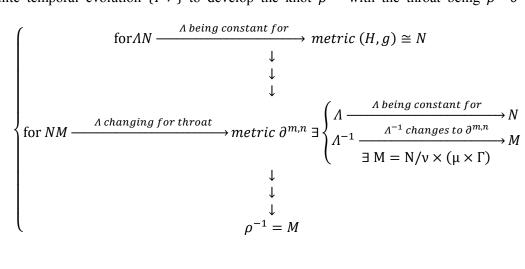
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$$\begin{array}{c} \partial^{m,n} \equiv \partial^{(H,g),n} \\ \downarrow \\ \partial^{m,n} \equiv \partial^{m,(H,g)} \\ \downarrow \\ \partial^{m,n} \equiv \rho^{-1} \partial^{m,n} \end{array}$$

For a representation of the $\overline{\mathcal{A}}, \overline{\overline{\mathcal{A}}}$ in a case where there is $\partial^{(H,g),n}$ for the throat to make 'in' and the 'out' – $\partial^{m,(H,g)}$ for a critical knot to establish in the around the genus as ρ^{-1} where for the potential of developing the 'knot' - ρ in a 'inverse representation' ρ^{-1} to structure the whole process of intertwined m, n as a 'orbit parameterization'^[4],

$$\sum_{m,n}$$

Through a finite temporal evolution $\{T \nearrow\}$ to develop the knot ρ^{-1} with the throat being $\rho^{-1}\partial^{m,n}$ through the evolution^[5],



⇒ Г

is the point of the initiation of deformation with the value of genus $\mu > 0$ is the multiplier for which the curve v starts to contract to develop the throat $\partial^{m,n}$ in the resultant formulation of the mapping with $Q \cong M$,

$$\zeta: Q \longrightarrow N/\rho^{-1}$$
 for evolution $\{T \nearrow\} \ll \infty$

for the generator of the **knot** $\tilde{\Delta} \exists \rho \approx \nu \times (\mu \times \Gamma)$ and $\rho^{-1} \approx N/\nu \times (\mu \times \Gamma)$ for the throat manifold M in the transformation $\Lambda N \to NM$ having the potential for creating the knot $\rho^{-1}\partial^{m,n}$ through a closure of further repetition restricted via the closure index *i* such that,

$$\coprod_{i \in \tilde{\Delta}} \zeta_i / \sim$$

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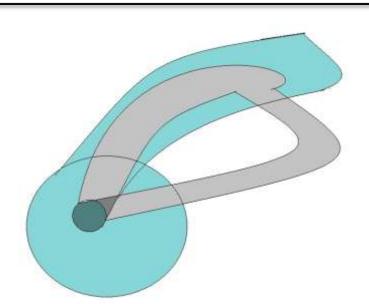


Figure: The representation of the 'in' and 'out' of the topological manifold that closed via a closure thereby with twists from the original manifold having extensions makes a knot of Euler – Poincare characterises 1 as in the Trefoil case of Knot.

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